



# Exploring Air Quality from Geostationary Satellites Using NOAA Aerosol Watch

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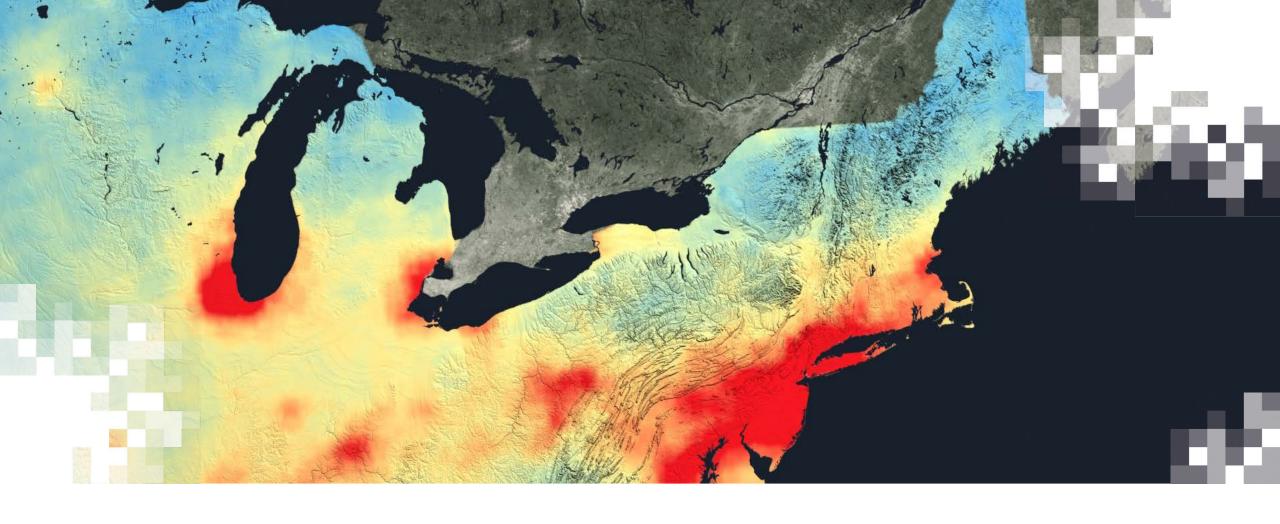
NASA Air Quality Remote Sensing Training, US EPA, Raleigh, NC, March 21-23, 2023

## **Objectives**



- 1. Learn the basics of geostationary satellites & sensors
- 2. Gain knowledge of and ability to visualize available products from geostationary sensors using NOAA Aerosol Watch

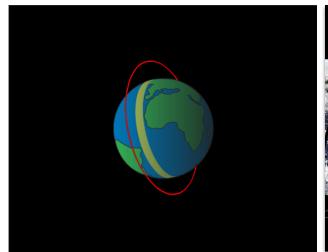


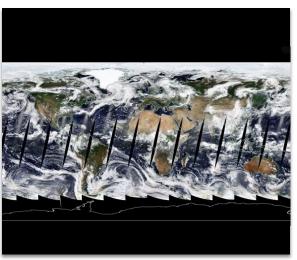


Introduction to Geostationary Satellites

### **Common Orbit Types**

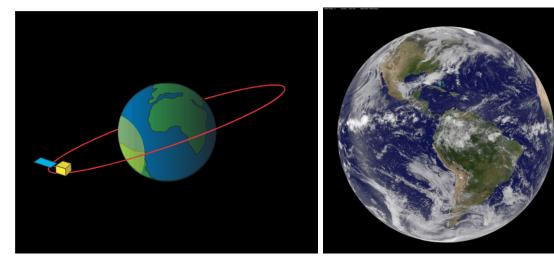








- Fixed, circular orbit above Earth
- Sun synchronous orbit ~600-1,000 km above Earth with orbital passes at about the same **local solar time** each day



#### Geostationary Orbit (GEO)

- Has the same rotational period as Earth
- Appears 'fixed' above Earth
- Orbits ~36,000 km above the Equator



## Low Earth Orbit (LEO) & Geostationary (GEO) Satellites



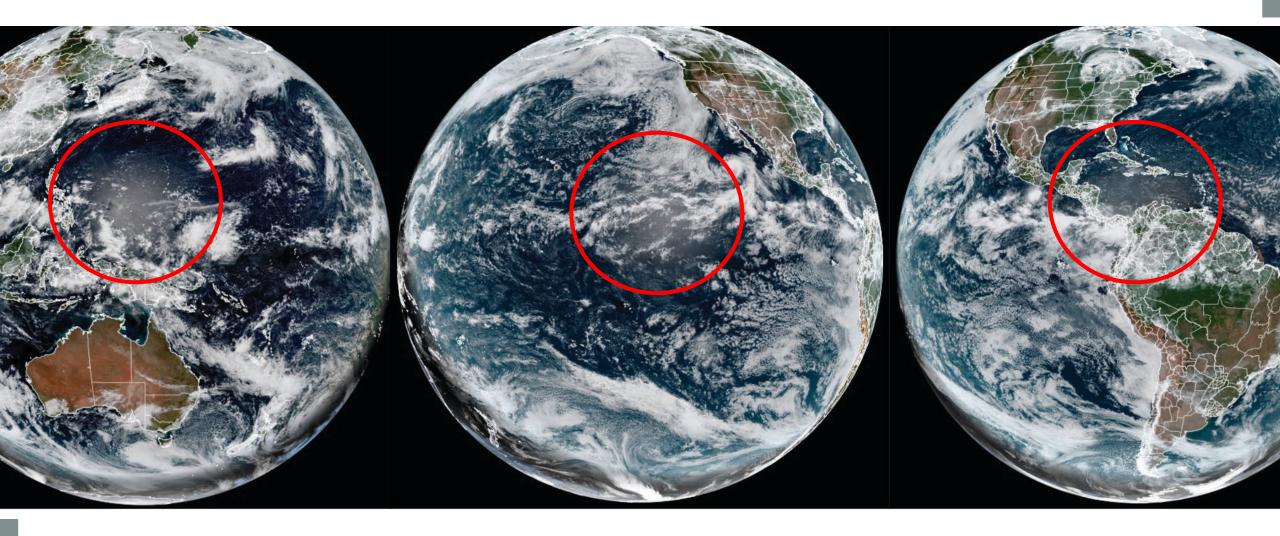


**GEO Orbit** 





## **Glint**





## Satellite Coverage - GEO



GOES-R/16/East



GOES-S/17/West GOES-T/18/West



Himawari -8/9



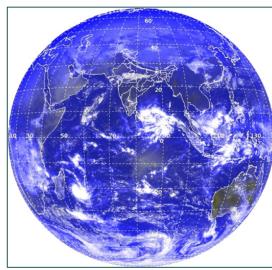
GK-2A (AMI)



Fengyun-4



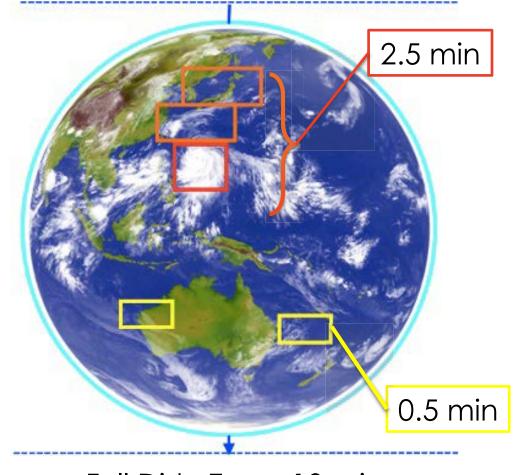
Meteosat (FCI)



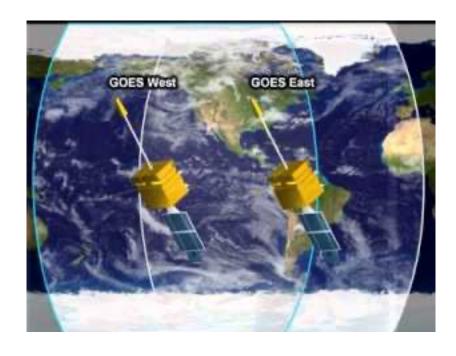
**INSAT/GSAT** 

## Advanced Himawari Imager (AHI) & Advanced Baseline Imager (ABI): Spatial Coverage and Temporal Resolution





Full Disk: Every 10 min



Full Disk: Every 10 min CONUS: Every 5 min Mesoscale: Every 0.5 min



## GOES-16: Smoke Transport over the Northwest

Fast changing air quality due to smoke transport can be captured by GEO sensors.

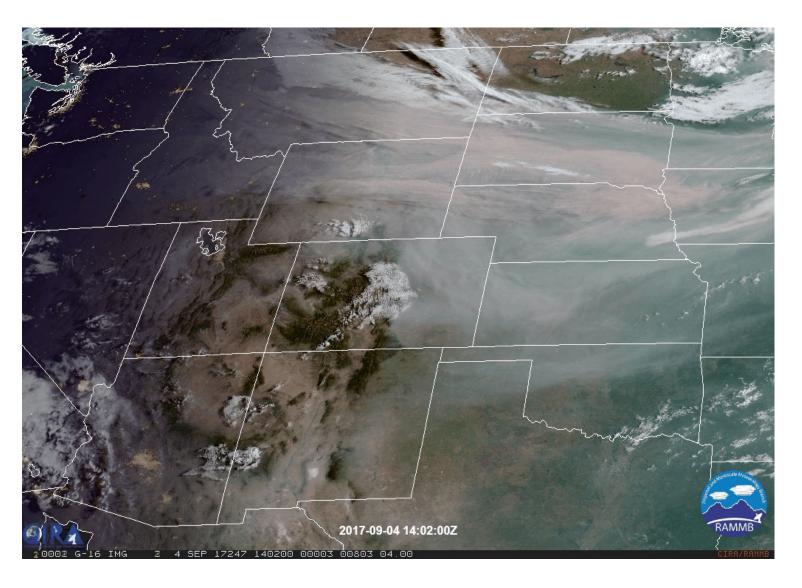


Image: RMMB



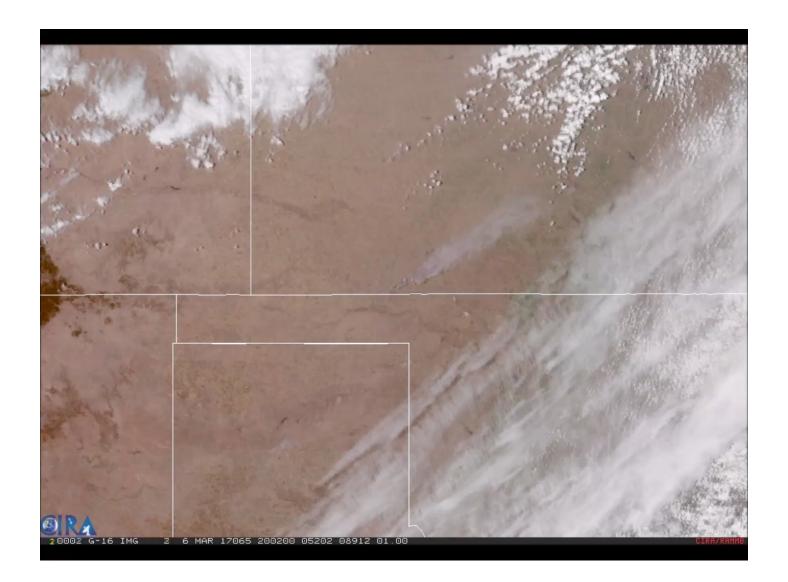
## GOES-16 Loop: Dust



Image: <u>RMMB</u>



## GOES-16 Loop: Smoke Over the Southeast U.S.







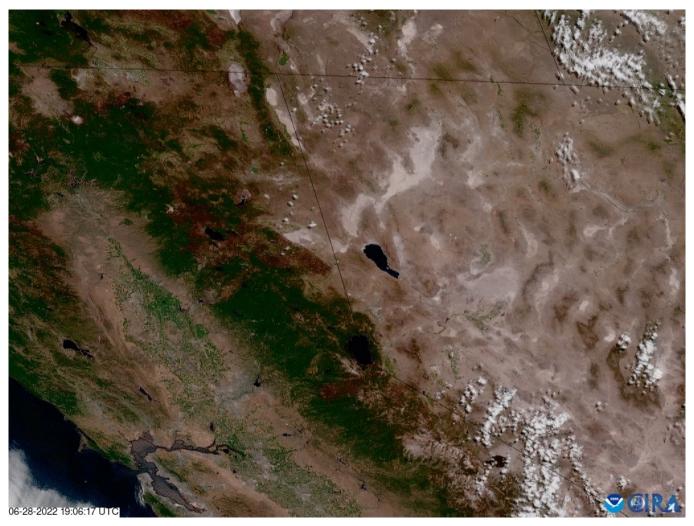
## GOES-17 (GeoColor): McKinney Fire (US)







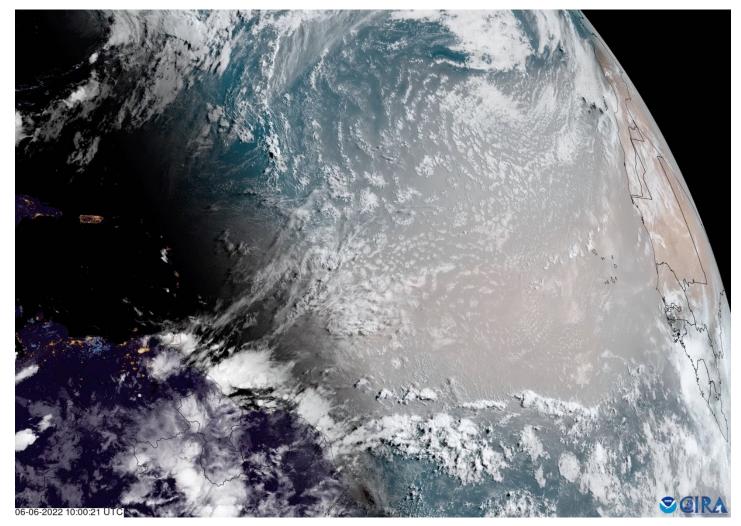
## GOES-17 (GeoColor): Rices Fire (US)



https://rammb.cira.colostate.edu/ramsdis/online/loop\_of\_the\_day/



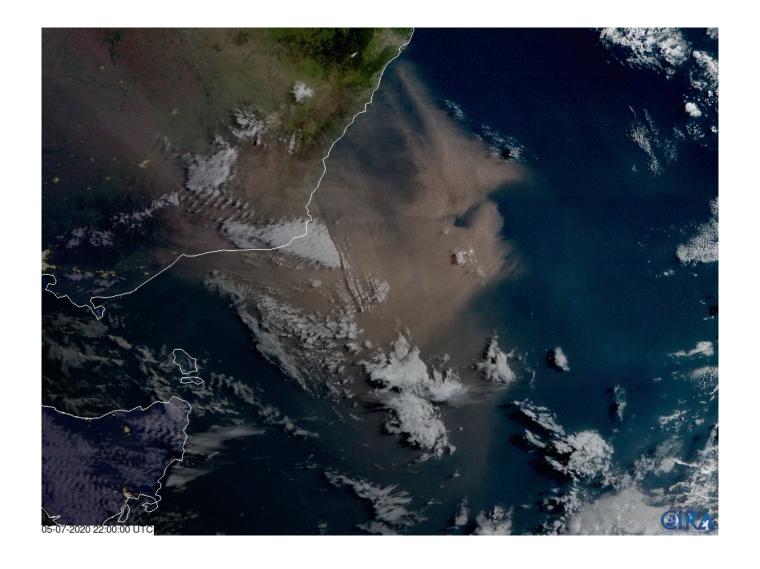
## **GOES-East: Dust over the Atlantic**



https://rammb.cira.colostate.edu/ramsdis/online/loop\_of\_the\_day/

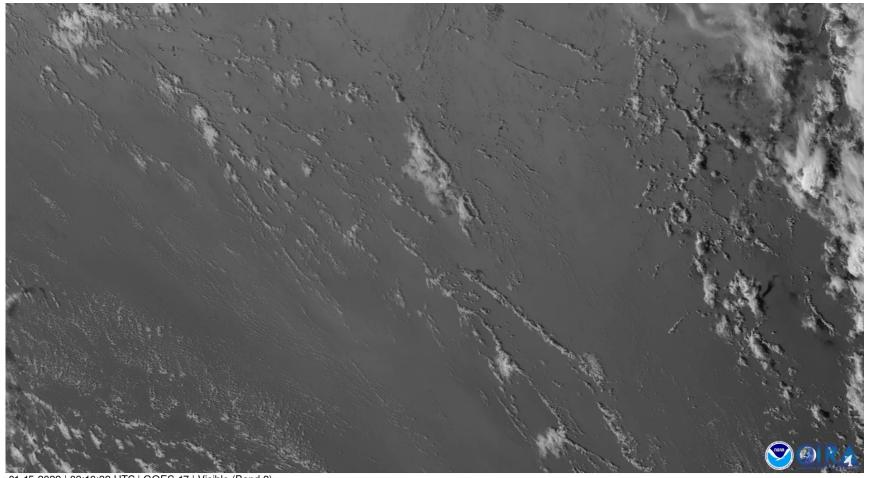


## Himawari-08 (AHI): Dust over Australia (May 8<sup>th</sup>, 2020)



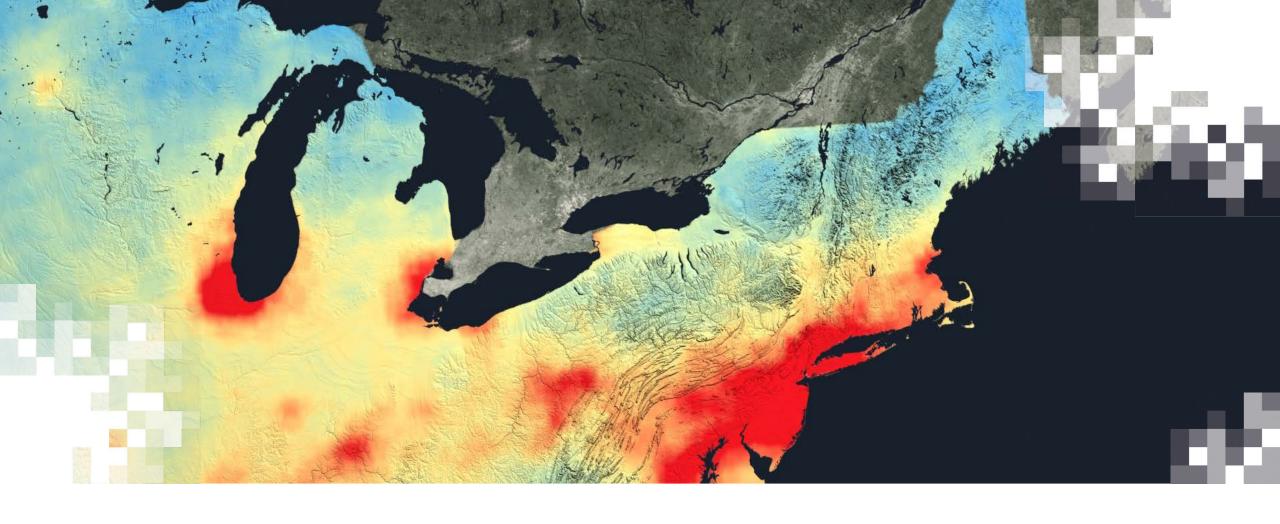
## GOES-17: Hunga Tonga-Hunga Ha'apai's Eruption

January 15th, 2022, in the South Pacific



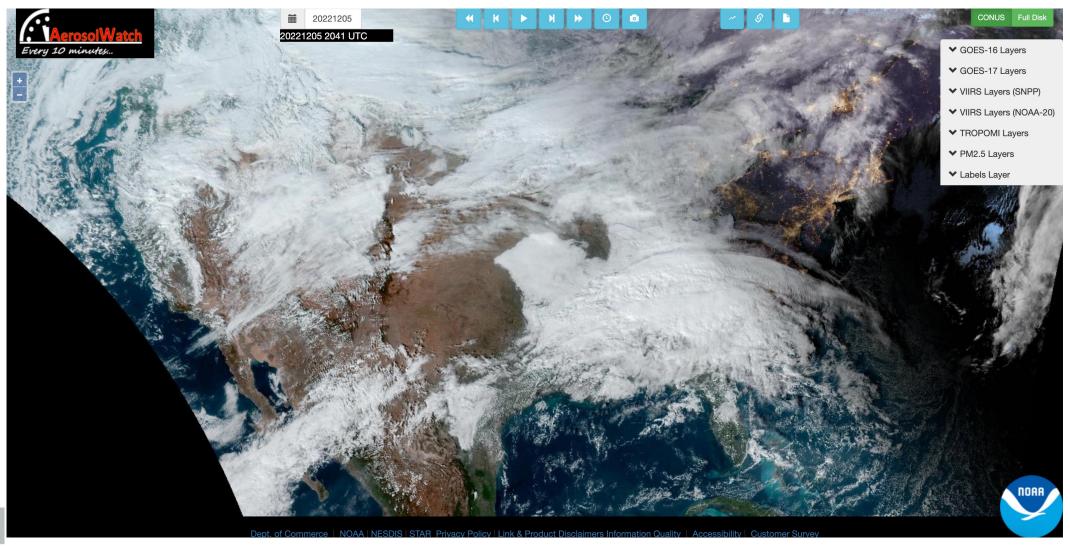




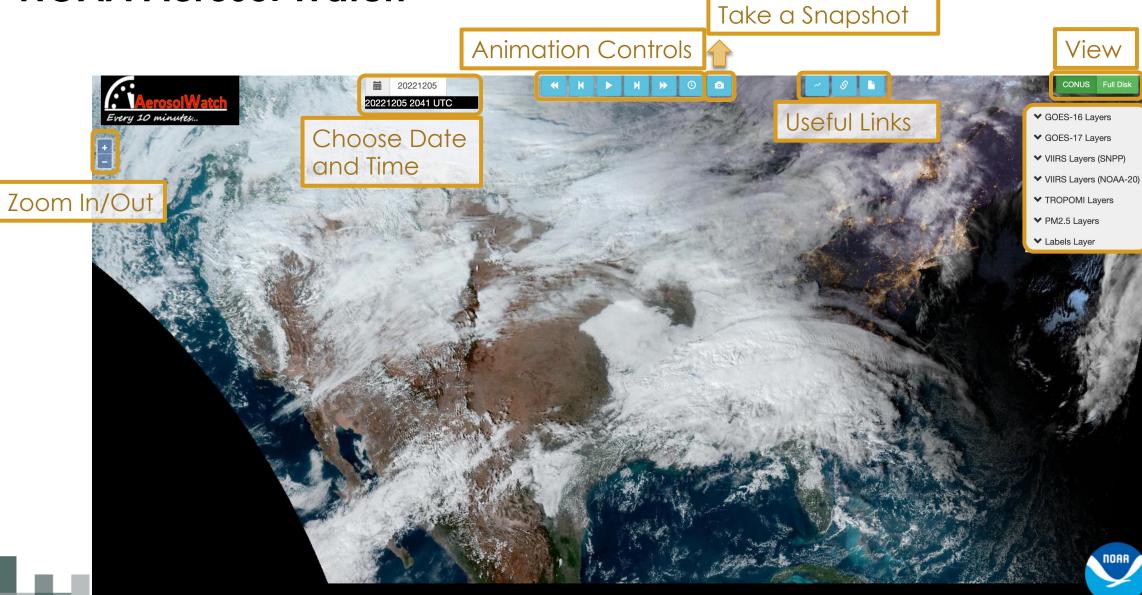


NOAA Aerosol Watch

#### **NOAA Aerosol Watch**



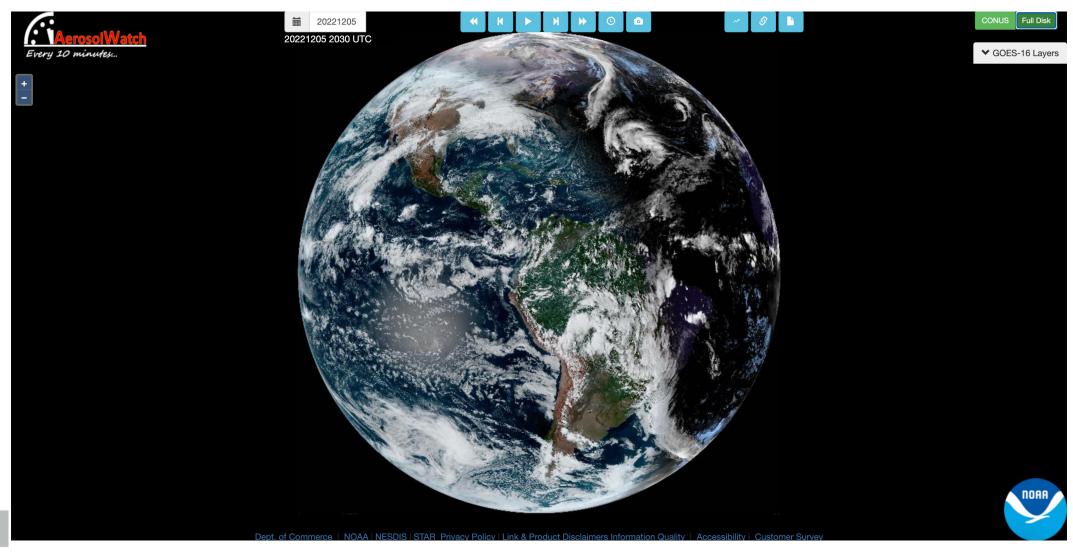
#### **NOAA Aerosol Watch**



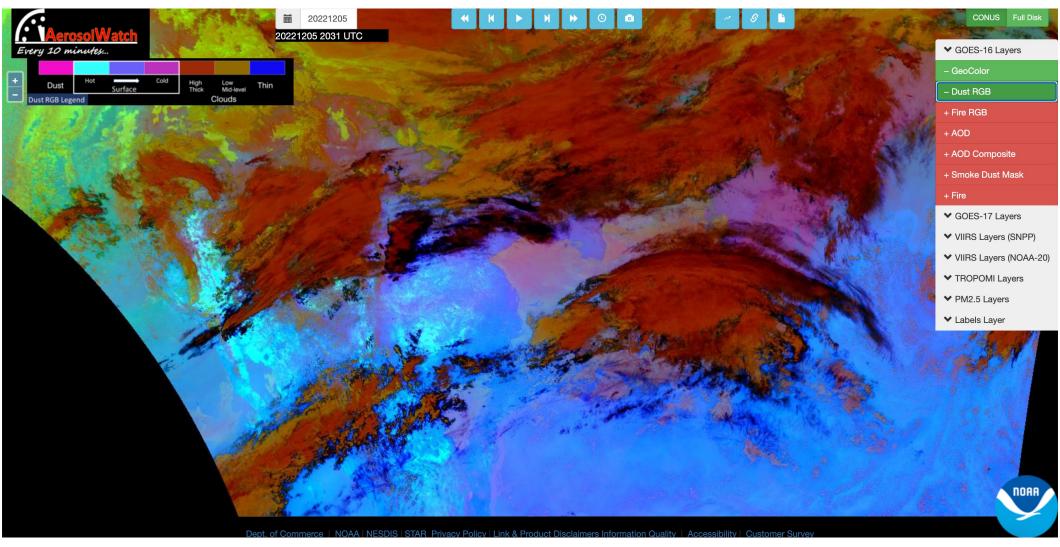


Layers

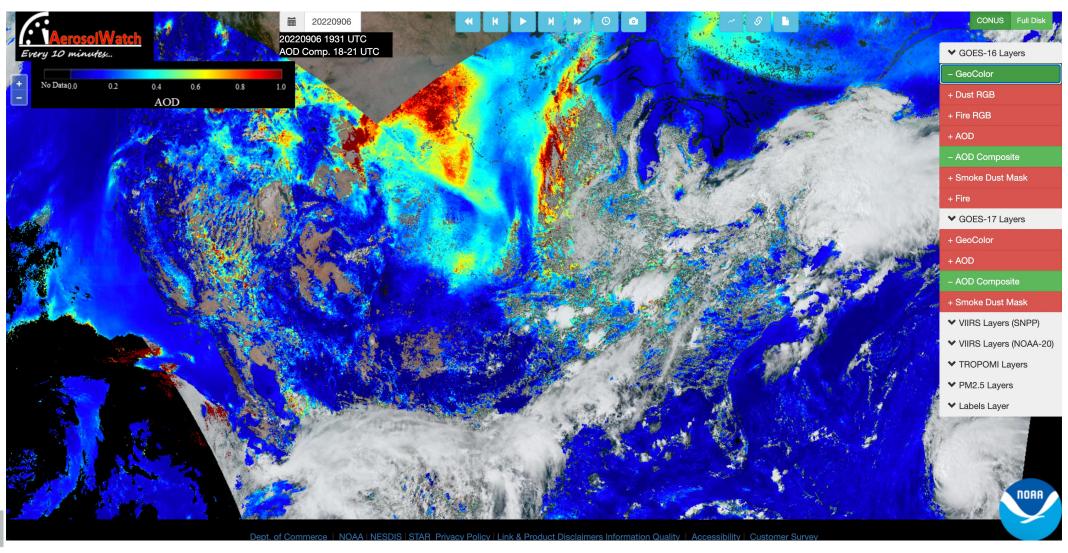
## Full Disk Image



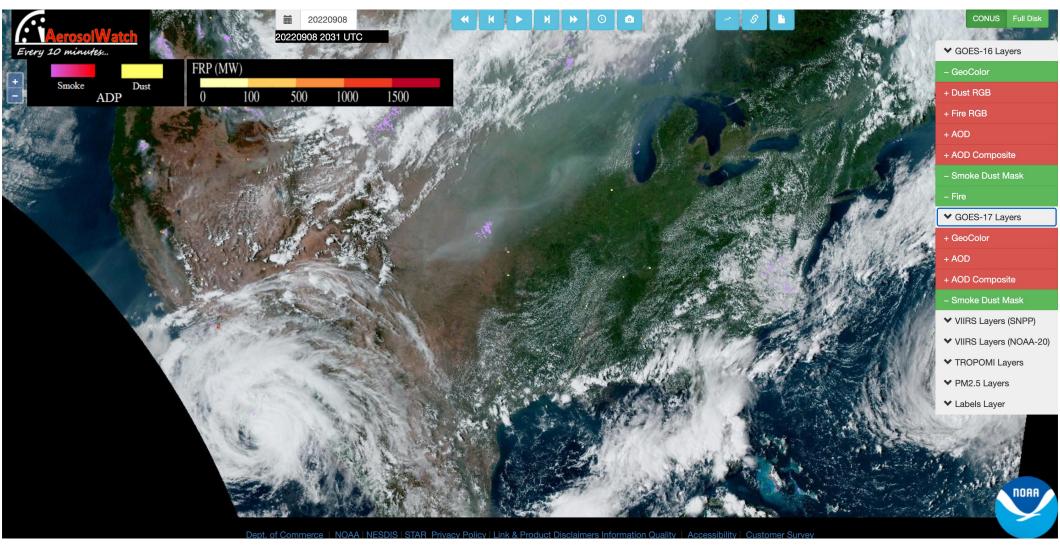
## **Dust Layer**



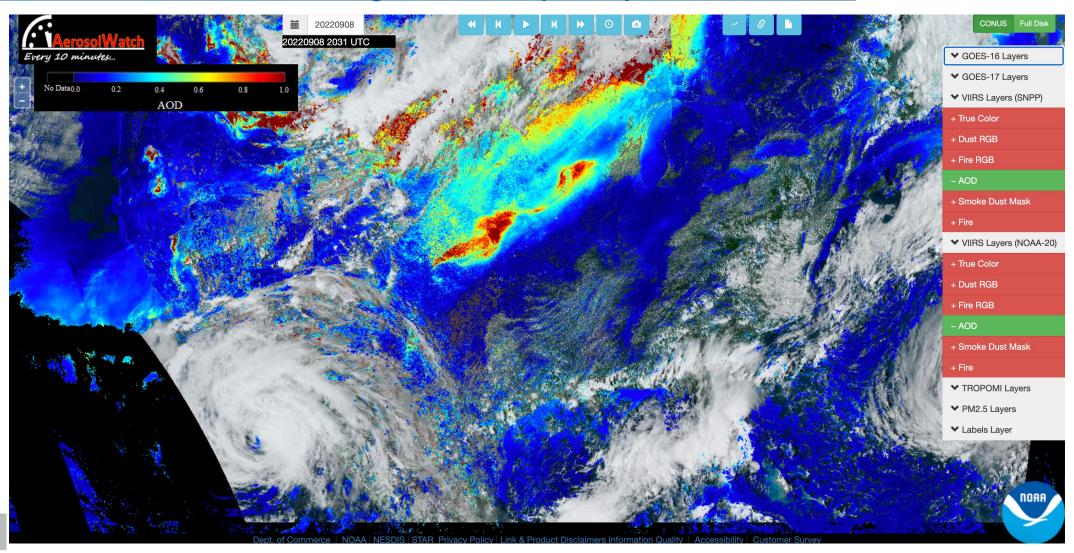
## Geostationary AOD & Composite (3-hr-Average) AOD



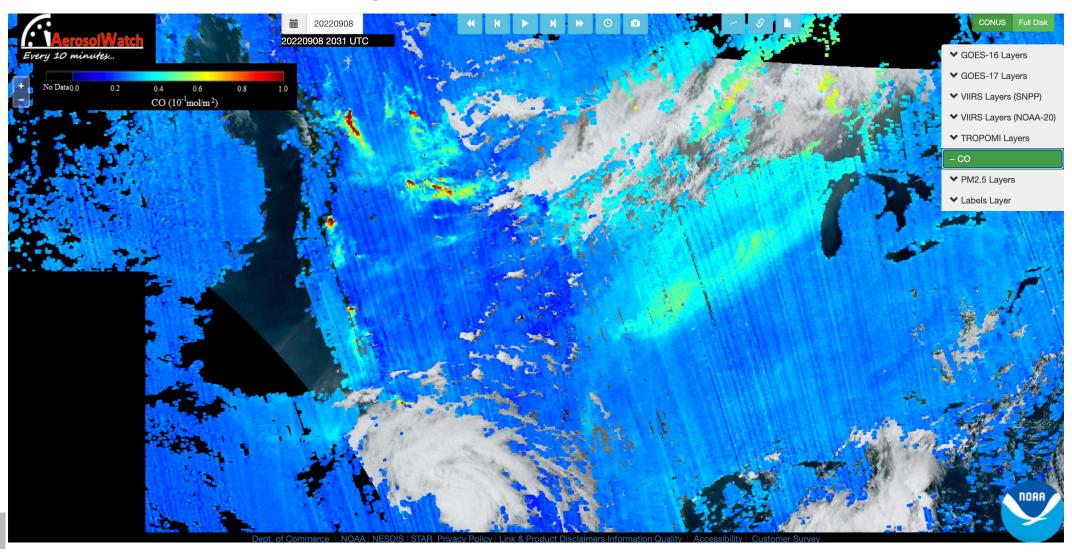
#### Fires, Smoke & Dust Mask



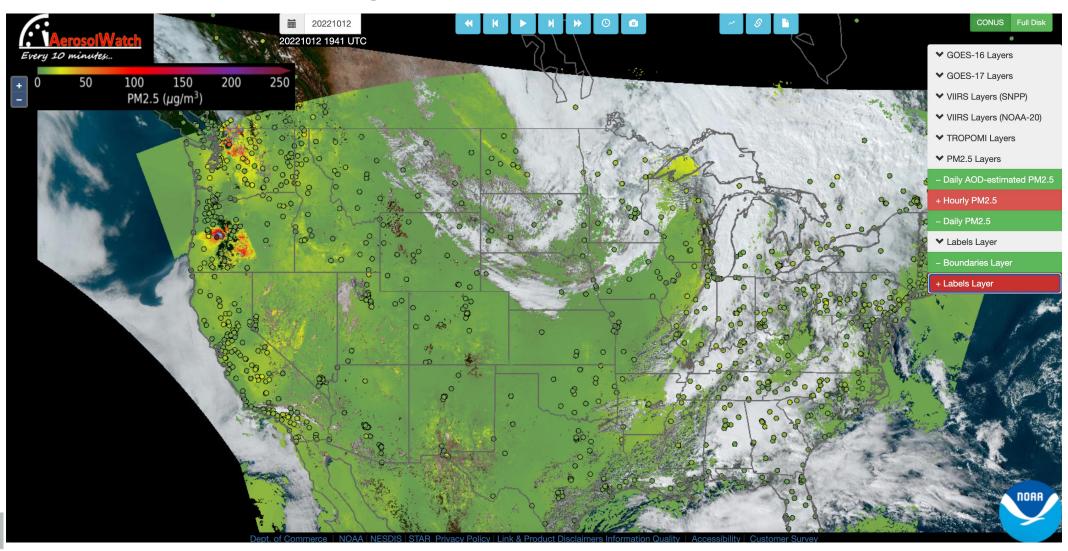
#### **VIIRS Polar Orbit AOD**



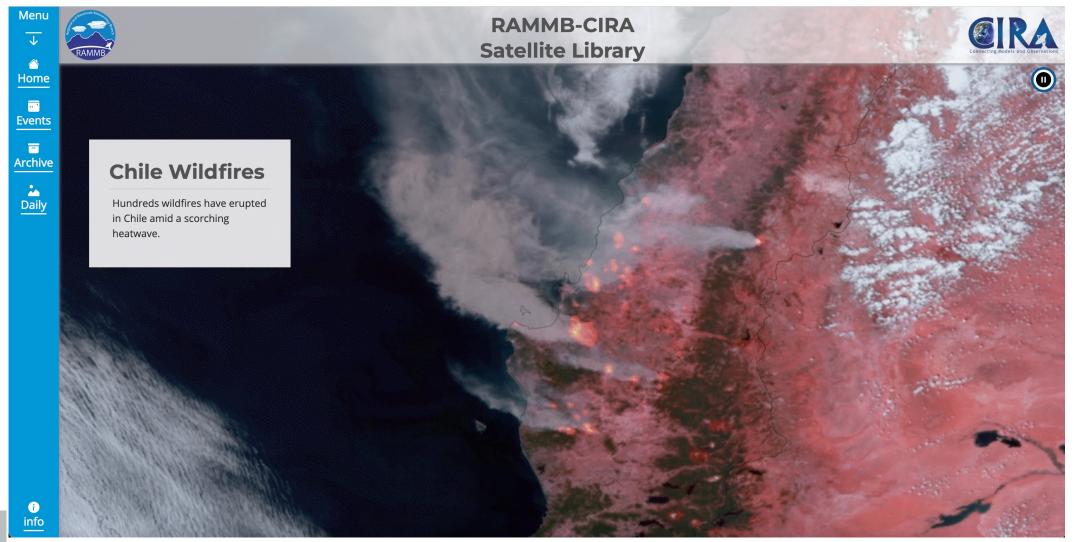
#### TROPOMI CO



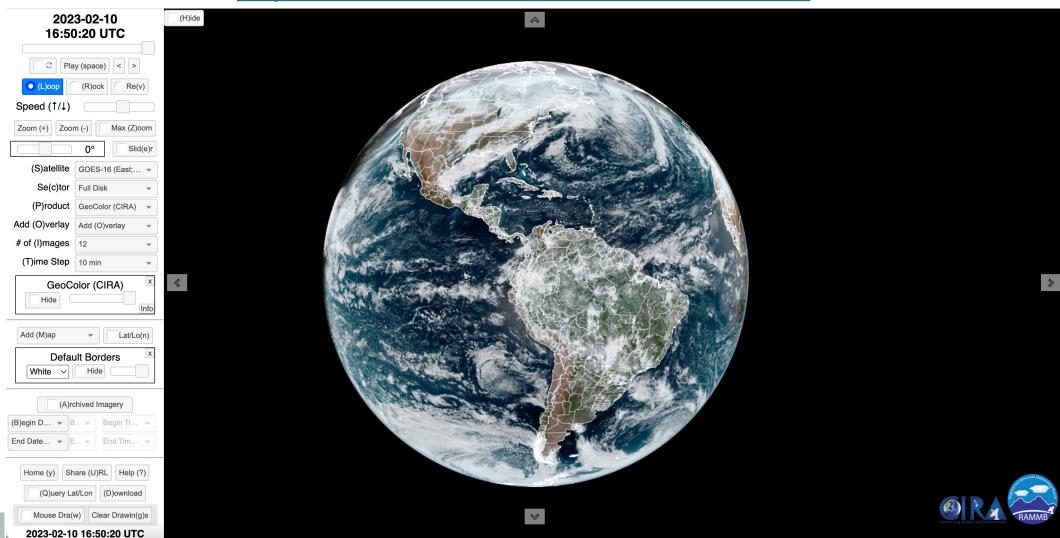
## Surface $PM_{2.5}$ (Including Estimate from AOD)



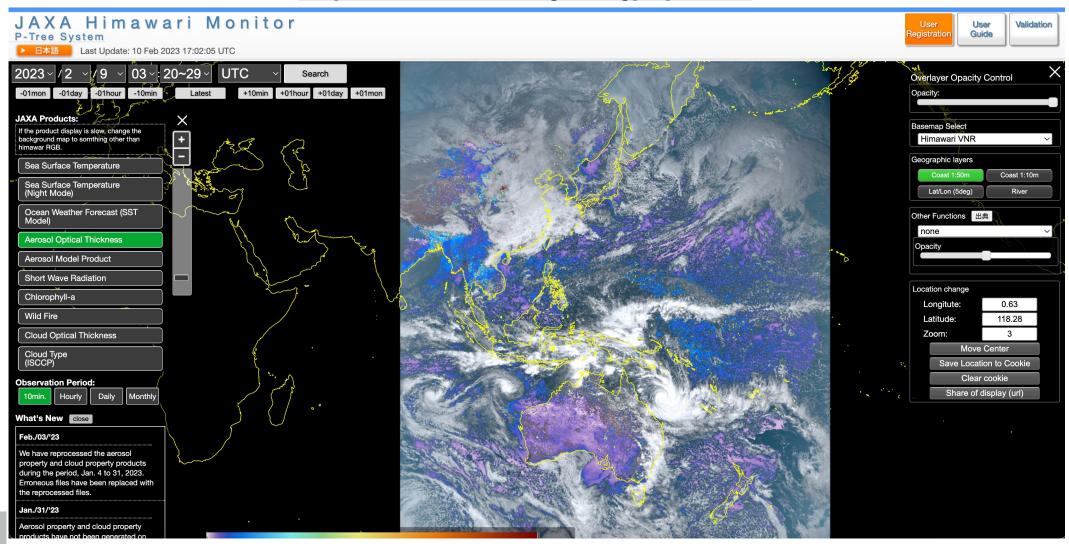
#### RAMMB-CIRA Satellite Library - <a href="https://satlib.cira.colostate.edu/">https://satlib.cira.colostate.edu/</a>



RAMMB-CIRA Slider - <a href="https://rammb-slider.cira.colostate.edu/">https://rammb-slider.cira.colostate.edu/</a>



#### JAXA Himawari Monitor - <a href="https://www.eorc.jaxa.jp/ptree/">https://www.eorc.jaxa.jp/ptree/</a>



NASA Worldview Geostationary Layers - <a href="https://worldview.earthdata.nasa.gov/">https://worldview.earthdata.nasa.gov/</a>

